





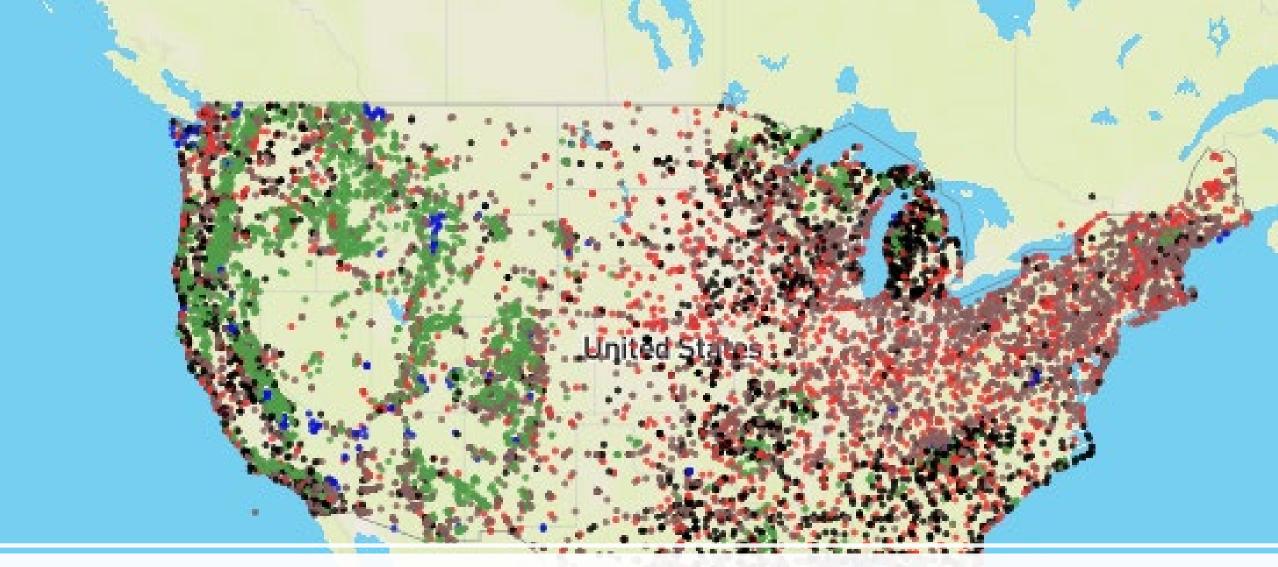
Understanding RV and Camper Wastewater Streams

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The materials being presented represent the speaker's own opinions and do NOT reflect the opinions of NOWRA.

- 3.9 M households <u>started</u> camping in 2020 (5X higher than in 2019)
- 55% of those cited C-19 as the reason
- 2/3 of the newbies will continue
- RV sales growth in had a strong 2020, and 2021 is expected to be +19.5%





Where are the campgrounds²?

RV 101 -Intro to the RV Wastewater System and How to Treat It.

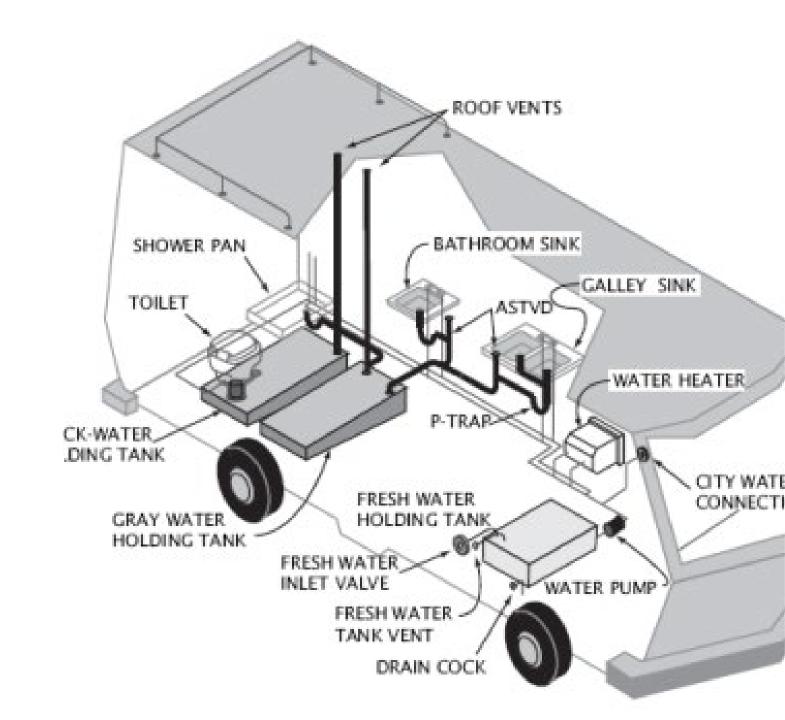
Anatomy and Physiology of an RV

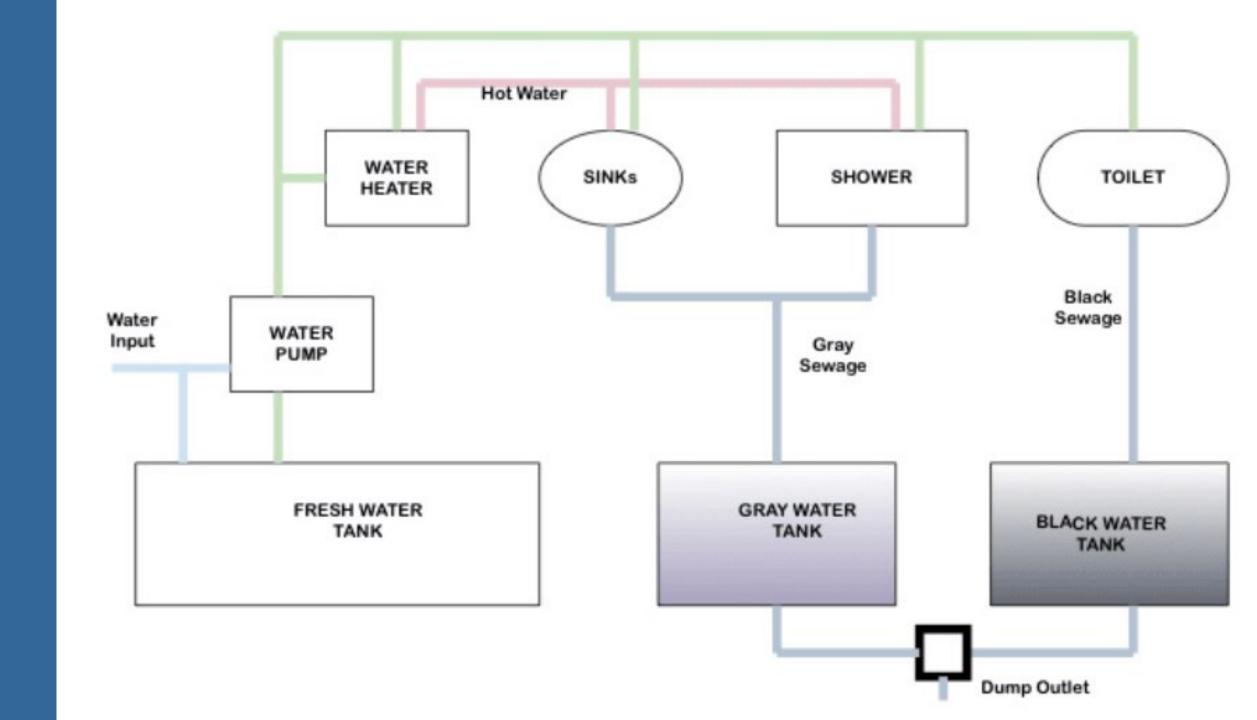
Designing a treatment system

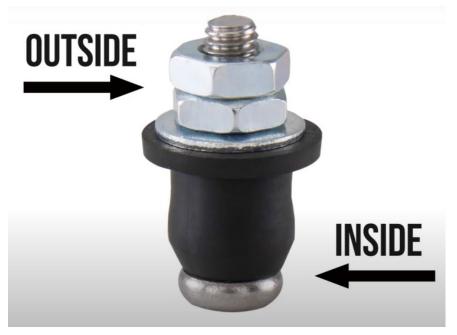
- Types of RV parks and how they differ
- Additives

Anatomy and Physiology of an RV

- Water and wastewater tanks
 - Sensors
 - Valves
 - Normally closed









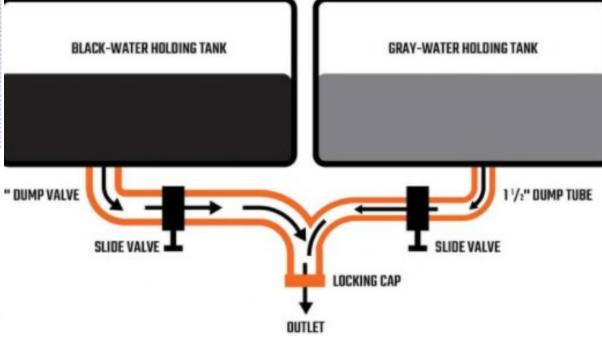


Holding Tank Sensors

Valves and Dumping







High BOD, TKN, and Nitrogen

Low Water Use

Tiny showers – rarely tubs

 Washing machines take up room

Still cooking and doing dishes

 RV's dump sites – may be even higher strength









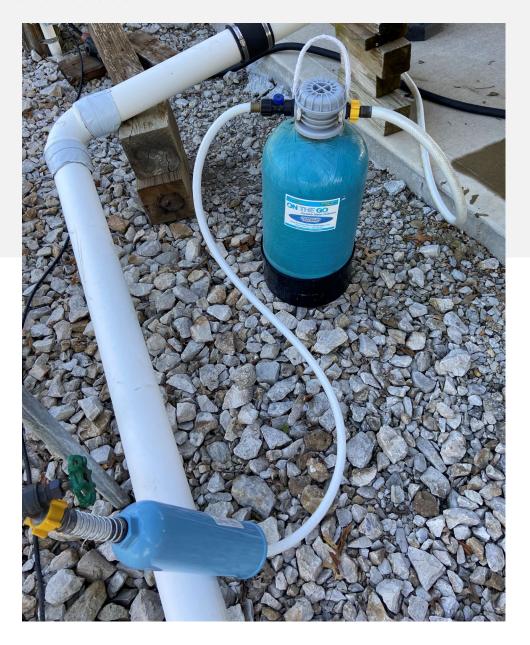
Toilets – 2 Quarts to ½ Gallon of Water/Flush





Water Softeners







Big Business

- 7 pages on Amazon
- Fresh, grey and black water
- Liquids, pods, and powders

Holding Tank Additives



Holding Tank Additives Advertising

"...Holding Tank Treatments offer the most powerful, longest-lasting control of tank odors without formaldehyde. Additives break down effluent and help tanks rinse cleaner during pump-out."

"...RV toilet treatment scientifically proven to break down waste & tissue"

"...removes grease buildup in your gray water tank..."

"...Immediately starts digesting solid waste and all brands of toilet paper...it will dissolve years of heavy sludge and smelly scum"

Holding Tank Treatment Objectives

- Eliminate odors
- Prevent clogs and waste buildup
- Keep sensors clean and working properly
- Works with Hookups and Dry Camping

Types of Treatments

Chemical

Enzymes

Minerals/Salt

Bacteria/Enzyme Mix

Chemicals

- Eliminates odors Masks toilet smells with strong fragrance
- > Prevents clogs and waste buildup
- X Helps remove solid waste clinging to sensor probes
- Works with Hookups and Dry Camping

BOD/COD Formaldehyde & Broponol

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)	<1	1209	55	23
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	6	2738	121	46
Total Suspended Solids (TTS)	6	1	3	6
Chloride	5	6	8	5
Total Phosphorus	<1	<1	4.7	57.5
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	<1	<1	1	<1
pH	5.2	5.7	6.3	6.1

Deadly Holding Tank Additives



Enzymes



- Prevents clogs and waste buildup
- Helps remove solid waste clinging to sensor probes
- Works with Hookups and Dry Camping

Enzymes Holding Tank Additives





BOD/COD – Enzyme w/ Fragrance

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)	<1	1209	55	23
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Mineral/Salt



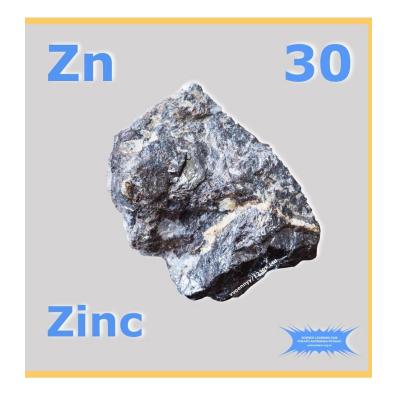
X Prevents clogs and waste buildup

X Helps remove solid waste clinging to sensor probes

Works with Hookups and Dry Camping

Zinc

- Common component in mineral treatments
- Zinc can be dangerous to touch or inhale so loose powders are not recommended
- Decent solution for hot weather when temperatures go up encapsulated versions are recommended by some





WARNING: Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged contact with skin or contact with open cuts. Do not swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing dust. Keep out of reach of children.

Bacteria/ Enzyme Combo



- Prevents clogs and waste buildup
- Helps remove solid waste clinging to sensor probes
- Works with Hookups and Dry Camping







RV Roof Vent Options

Evaluating Flow at RV Campgrounds

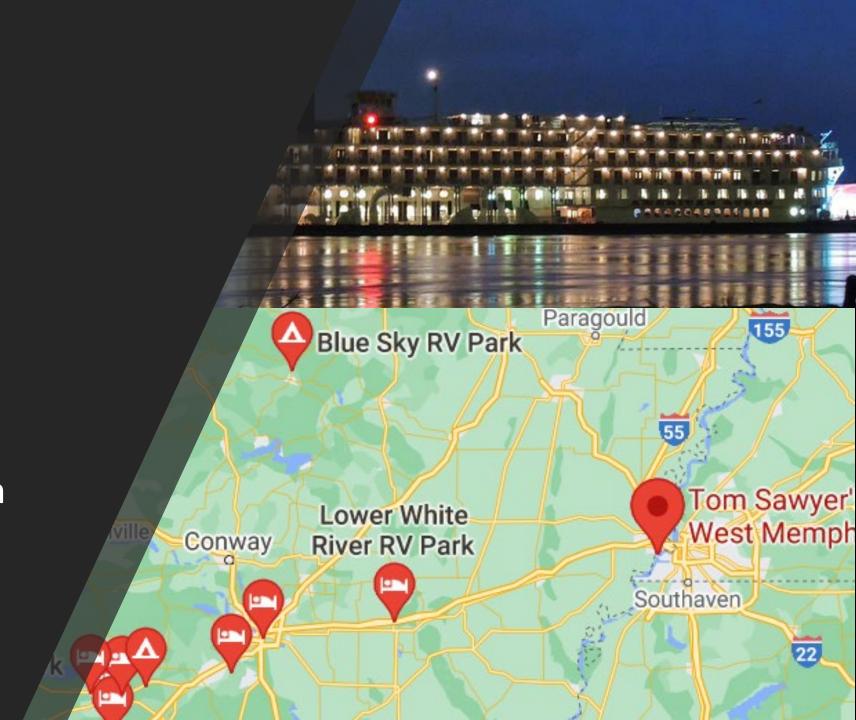


The Site

Location

Age

- Size limits
- Leaky collection
 Seasonal/Year-Round
 Public/Private
- Transient/Long Term
 Full/Partial Hookups
 Amenities



Age

Basic Back In - w/table

Sites 18-22 (RV's 30' or less length)

Patio – Back In w/picnic table Standard Back In – w/table Pull In/Back Out w/table

Sites 39-41 (must call to book)

Pull Through - w/table

Sites 32-38 & 42-44







Public vs. Private Considerations

- Public
 - More transients
 - Less oversight
- Private may have more long-term campers



Full vs Partial Hookups

Partial Hookups

- Dump station use
- Public use areas
 - Showers
 - Laundry
 - Cleaners

Amenities

- Food Service
 - Grease
- Event Spaces



Public Areas= Sanitizing







Safe Sanitizers for Wastewater Treatment

Multi-Surface Disinfectant Cleaner

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
Hydrogen Peroxide 4.25%
OTHER INGREDIENTS: 95.75%
TOTAL: 100.00%

- Chloring Bleach
 - Sodium Hypochlorite
- Citric Acid
- Hydrochloric Acid
- Peroxide
- NOT Quaternary Ammonia
 - Active Ingredient contains the words ammonium chloride



ACTIVE INGREDIENT	
Citric Acid	
INERT INGREDIENTS**	97.50%
TOTAL	100.00%
**(Includes detergents and other g	rease cutting agents)

Treatment Train Needs

Tight collection systems

Use over-sized trash/septic tanks

Use effluent filters

Use FLOW EQ

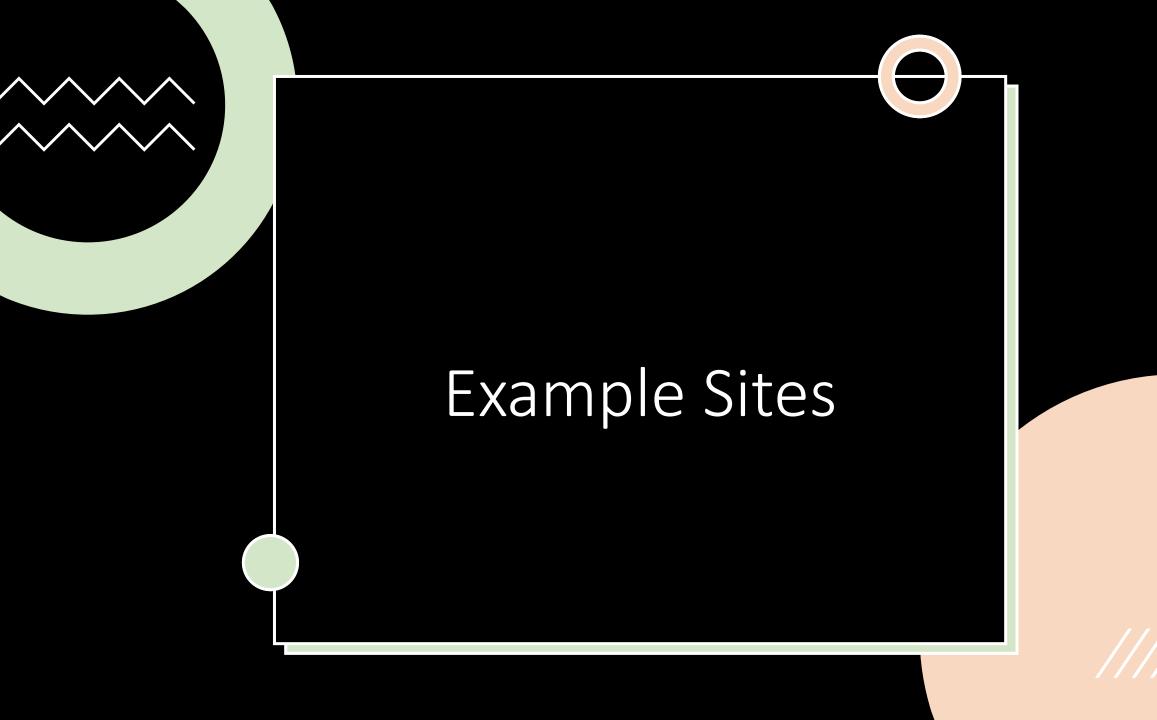
Units in parallel – good for seasonal variations in flow



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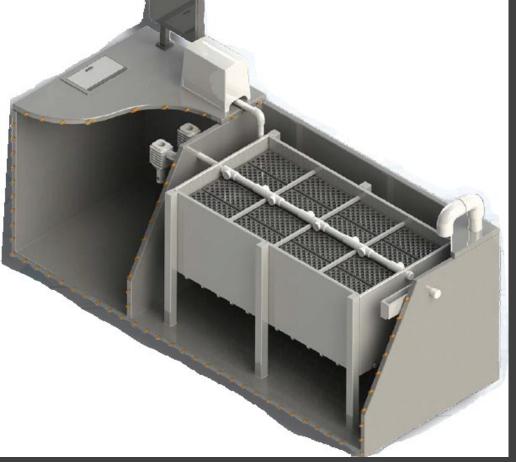




Site 1 – Washington State

- Built in 2012
- 114 full hook ups
- Rigs up to 100 feet long
- Off the interstate
- Mix of full time and transient
- Year-round facility
- Event center
- Laundry and public/private restrooms fitness center game room









Site 2 Joshua Tree AutoCamp



- Yosemite
- Russian River
- Cape Cod
- Joshua Tree
- Zion
- Catskills





Fall 2018 - Preliminary Engineering Report

- 5,500 gpd at 500 mg/L BOD
- San Bernardino County
- Effluent TN: 50% removal

- Joshua Basin Water District
- Effluent TN: <10 mg/L

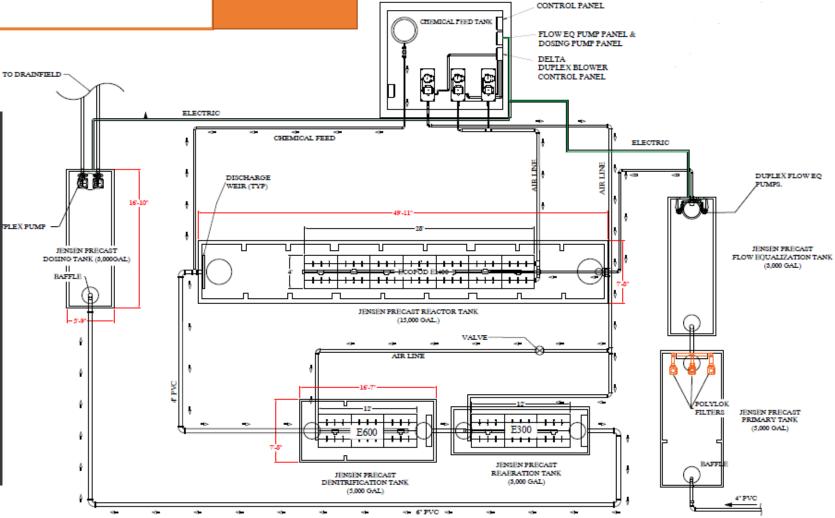






Chose Attached Growth Process

- Primary
- Flow EQ
- BOD/Nitrification
- Denitrification
- Polishing
- Dose Tank



CHEM FEED MANAGEMENT

Summer 2021 - Installation

