



The *Blurred* Lines of Onsite and Centralized Wastewater Treatment Jonathan Kaiser – NOWRA 2021 – 10/19/21

Disclaimer

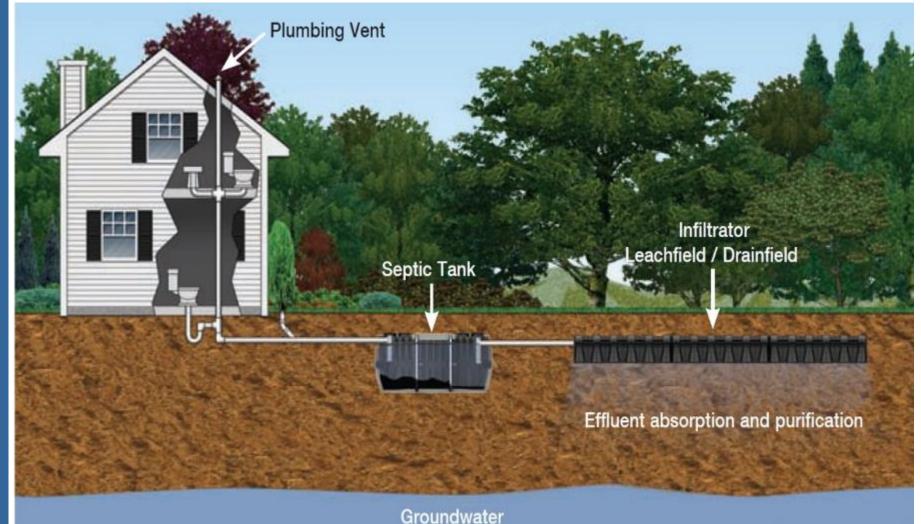
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Presentation Topics

- Overview of Onsite and Centralized Wastewater Treatment
- Preliminary/Primary Treatment
- Secondary Treatment
- Tertiary Treatment
- Case Study
- Resource Consumption Study
- Considerations

Onsite Treatment

- Alternative to WWTPs
- Serves 25% of population
 - Collects, treats, and disperses near point of origin



Soil is the Key!

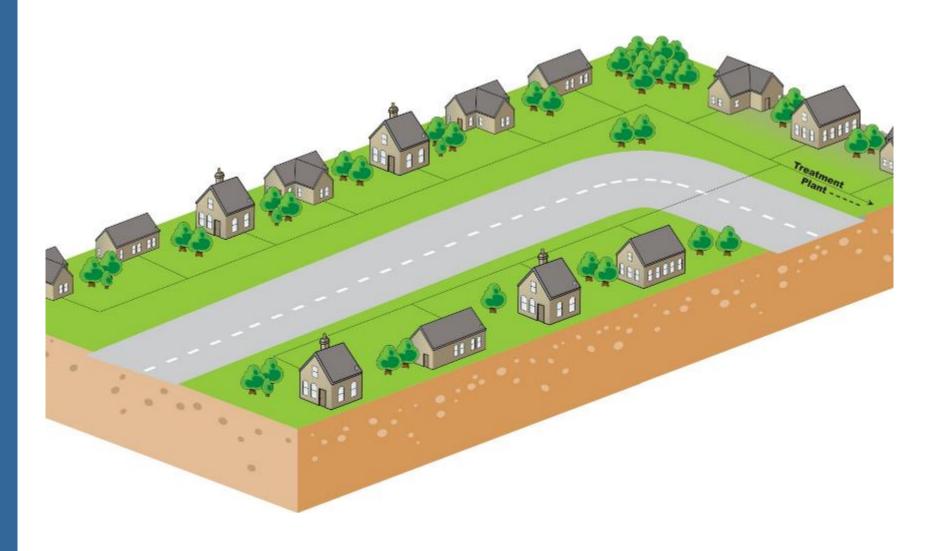
Other Benefits of Onsite Wastewater Treatment



- Reduced watershed impacts
- Aquifer recharge
- Water reuse
- Cost-effective
- Lower life-cycle cost
- Flexible in design
- Build on land not accessible to public sewer/infrastructure
- Phased building
- By definition: sustainable

Centralized Treatment

- Serves 75% of population
- Urban Cities
- Majority of funding

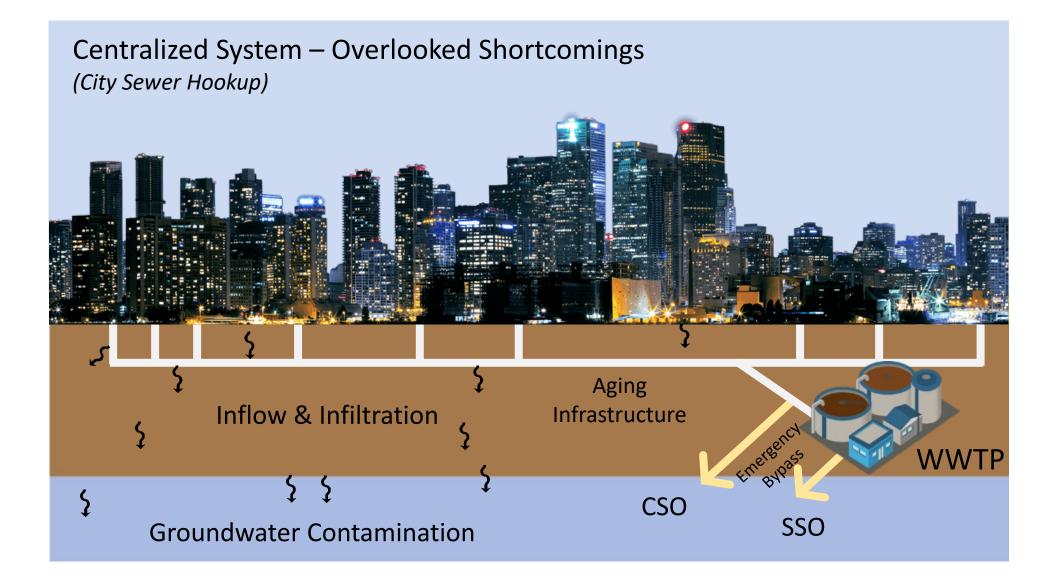


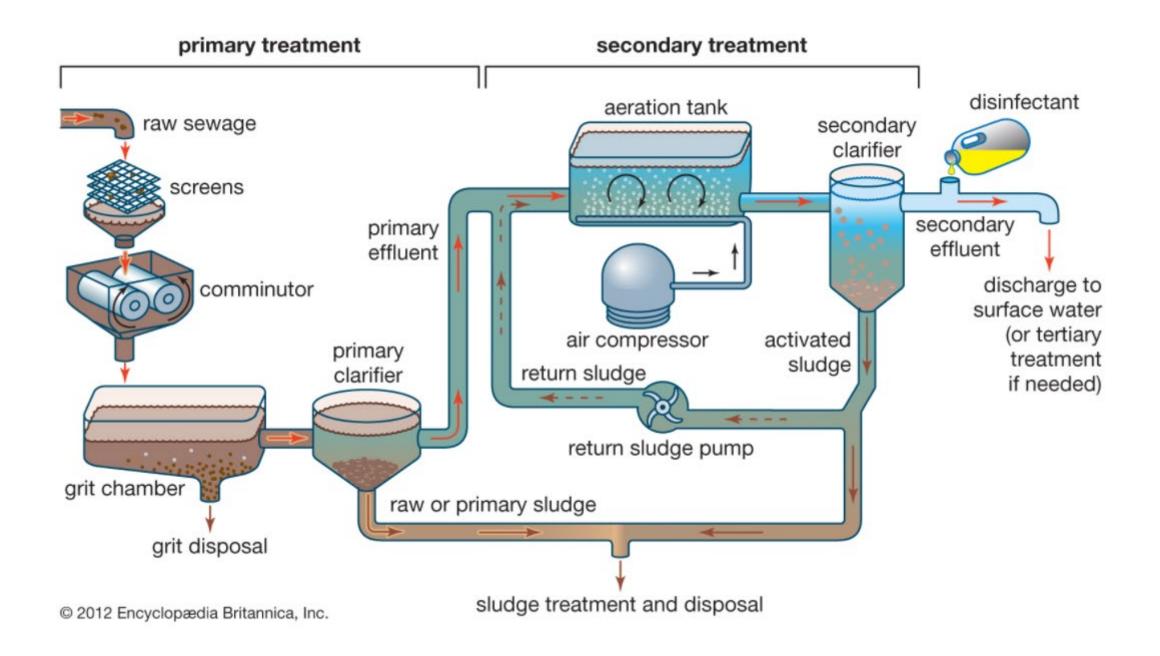


NYC DEP: New York City's Wastewater Treatment System

Centralized Approach

- 1. Draw clean water from watersheds
- 2. City consumption produces wastewater
- 3. Treated in Centralized WWTP
- 4. Surface water discharge





Percent Removal of Wastewater Constituents

Constituent	Primary	Secondary	Tertiary
Suspended Solids	60-70	80-95	90-95
BOD	20-40	70-90	>95
Phosphorus	10-30	20-40	85-97
Nitrogen	10-20	20-40	20-40
E. Coli Bacteria	60-90	90-99	>99
Viruses	30-70	90-99	>99

Data from: https://www.open.edu/openlearn/nature-environment/environmental-studies/understanding-water-quality/content-section-5.1

Preliminary/Primary Treatment

Preliminary Treatment

- Removal of untreatable solids
- Screening
- Grit removal
- Does not include:
 - Organics removal
 - Suspended solids removal



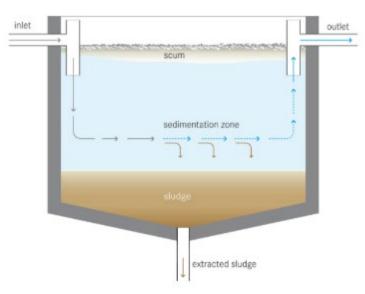


https://www.directindustry.com/prod/sereco/product-91651-859733.html

Preliminary/Primary Treatment

Primary Treatment

- Removal of organic matter
- Removal of suspended solids







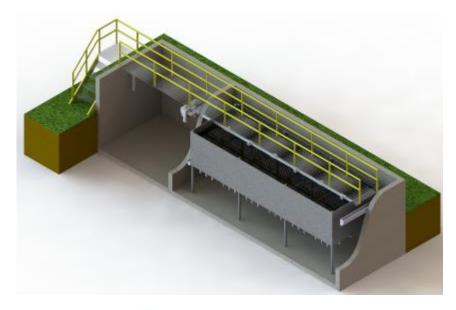
Secondary Treatment

Secondary Treatment

- Further removal of organic matter and solids
- Mostly physical and biological treatment



https://sensorex.com/blog/2016/05/20/aerati on-water-treatment/





Septic Tank Effluent



CTD Effluent



CTD Treatment

NSF/ANSI Standard 40

NSF 40 Testing Parameters

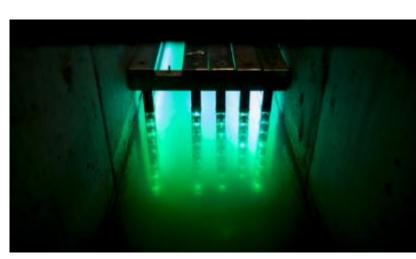
cBOD5	<25 mg/l
TSS	<30 mg/l



Tertiary Treatment

Tertiary Treatment

- Final cleaning process
- Treats remaining organics, solids, nutrients, bacteria, and viruses



https://www.mlive.com/news/grandrapids/2019/02/wyoming-considers-switch-to-uv-lightto-kill-wastewater-bacteria.html



http://www.salcor.world/3g-uv-unit.html





IN Truck Stop CTD System

- Replacement of failing drainfield
- 8,600 linear feet of CTD distribution product
- Quick, sustainable, and costeffective solution

Resource Consumption Study



The total primary energy consumed [carbon released] over a life cycle, including extraction, manufacturing, and transportation

Centralized

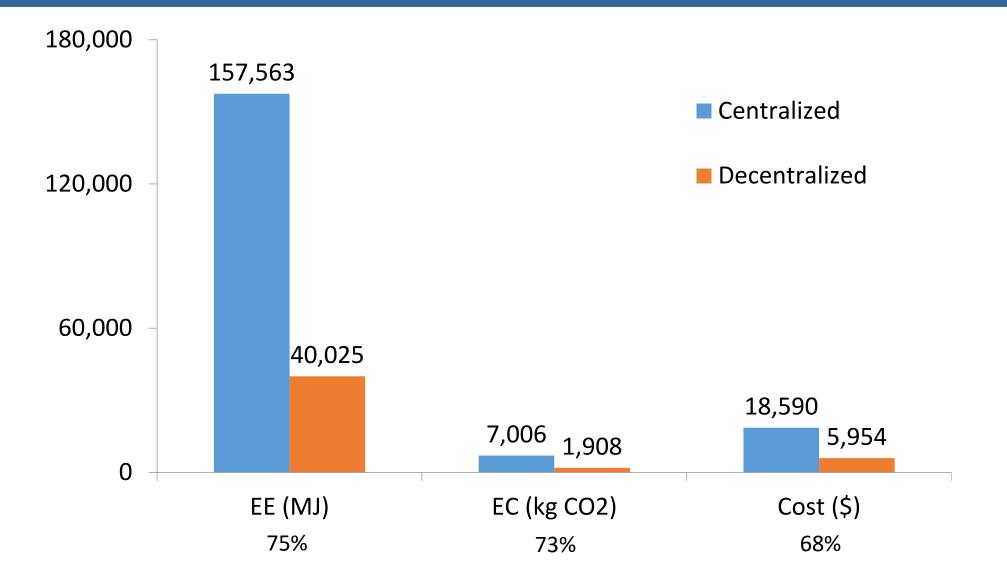
- Southwest Virginia Regional Wastewater Study (2005)
- 40 sewer extension projects



Onsite

- 3-bedroom home
- Precast septic tank and stone and pipe drainfield sized using 12VAC5-610

Average Per Connection Resource Consumption



Average Per Connection Resource Consumption

180,000

- 117,538 MJ Energy Savings
 - = the energy equivalency of 969 gallons of gasoline

= 2093 cars off the road for 1 day

Decentralized

- 5,099 kg CO₂ Carbon Savings
 - = 133 lamps switched to CFLs
- 60, 700 131 tree seedlings grown for 10 years

40,025

• \$12,636 USD Savings

18,590

= 3 decentralized systems for every 1 centralized connection

0				
	EE (MJ)	EC (kg CO2)	Cost (\$)	
	75%	73%	68%	

Total Savings Using Onsite Systems

	Savings Per Onsite Connection	Average Number of Connections	Total Savings
Embodied Energy (MJ)	117,538	363	42,666,294
Embodied Carbon (kg CO_2)	5,099	363	1,850,937
(kg CO ₂) Cost (USD)	\$12,636	363	\$4,586,868

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Total Savings Using Onsite Systems

	Savings Per Onsite	Average Number	Total Savings
• 42,666,294 M	MJ Energy Savings	of Connections	i otal Savings
= 2100 peo	ple off the resider	ntial Virginia ele	ctric grid
Embodied Energy	117,538	363	42,666,294
(MJ) 1 850 937 kg	CO ₂ Carbon Savir	nac	,
	_		
= 480 yearly round-trip commutes of 50 miles/day 50,937			
= Carbon se	equestered by 1,5	17 acres of U.S.	forest per year
Cost	\$12.636	363	\$4,586,868
(USD)	912,000	000	÷ 1,000,000

Considerations

- Onsite is a viable alternative
- Centralized treatment technology can be scaled for onsite
- Effluent quality requirements
- Resource consumption
- Homeowner awareness



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