



# **Key Design Elements for Successful On-site Systems to Community Liquid Only Sewers**

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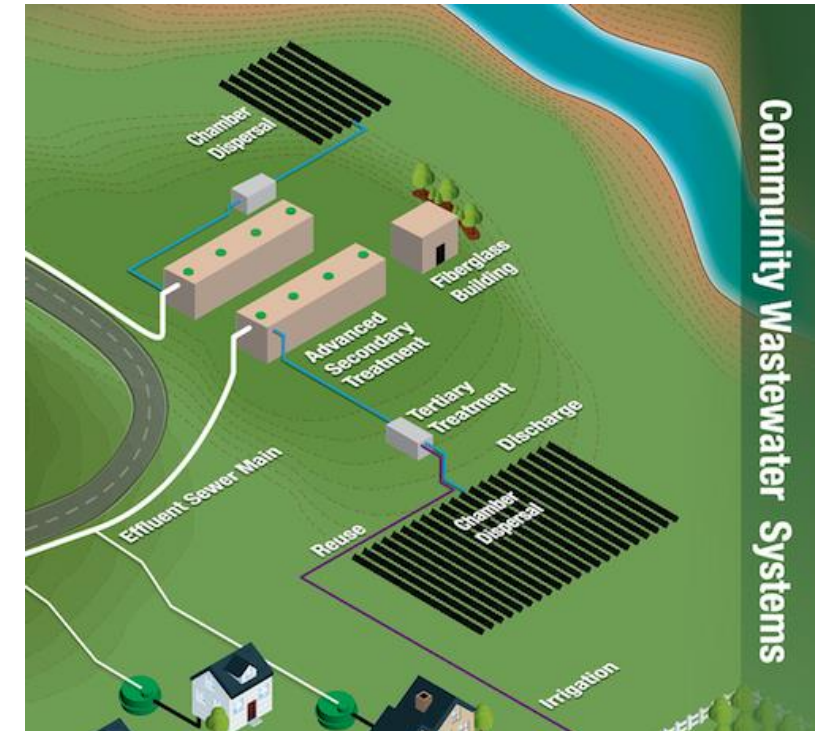
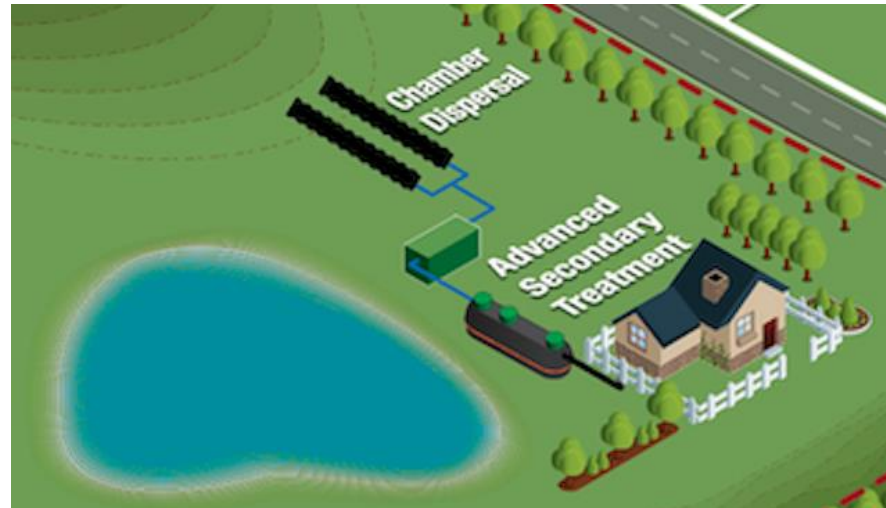
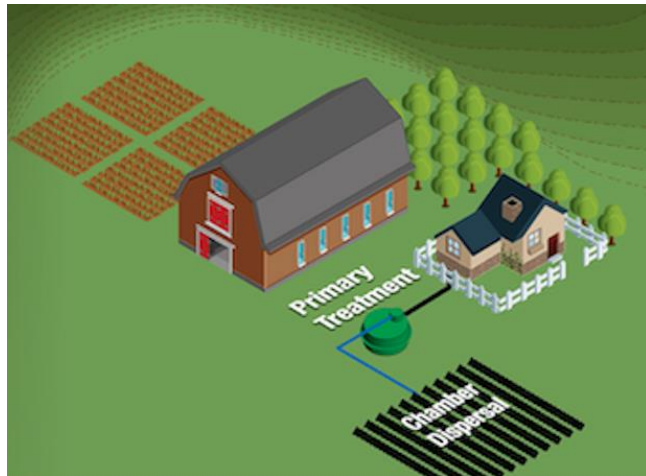
# Objectives

- 1) **Highlight design elements of successful systems in three examples**
  
- 2) **Highlight commonalities or shared DNA**
  
- 3) **The balance of these factors based on system users**
  - 1) **Owner needs**
  - 2) **Regulatory and performance needs**
  - 3) **Site constraints**

**Disclaimer – Any opinions presented are those of the presenter's and not those of NOWRA or it's affiliates.**

# Example Systems

- Conventional gravity or pump and drainfield
- Advanced secondary treatment system
- Community collection and treatment



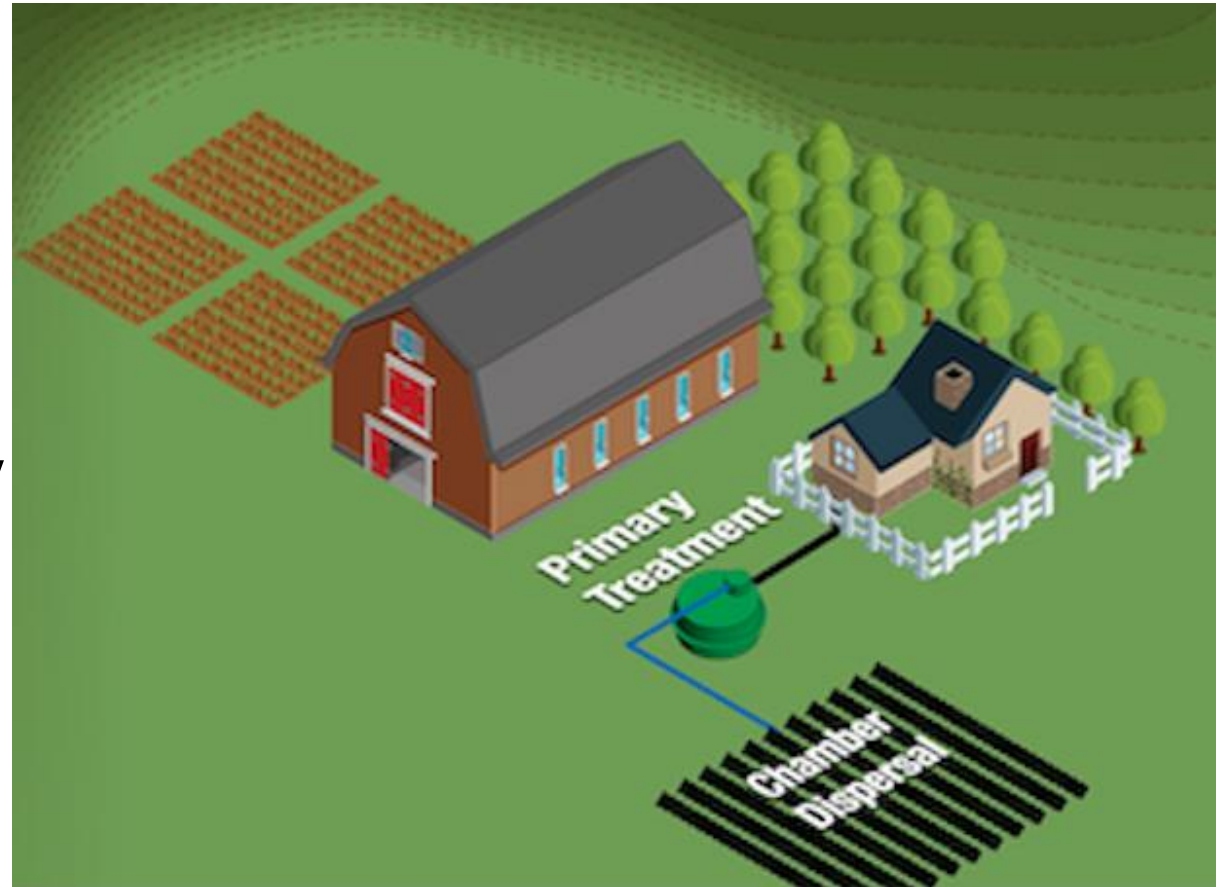
# Classic On-Lot System

## System Goals

- Conveyance and storage
- Safe disposal to watershed

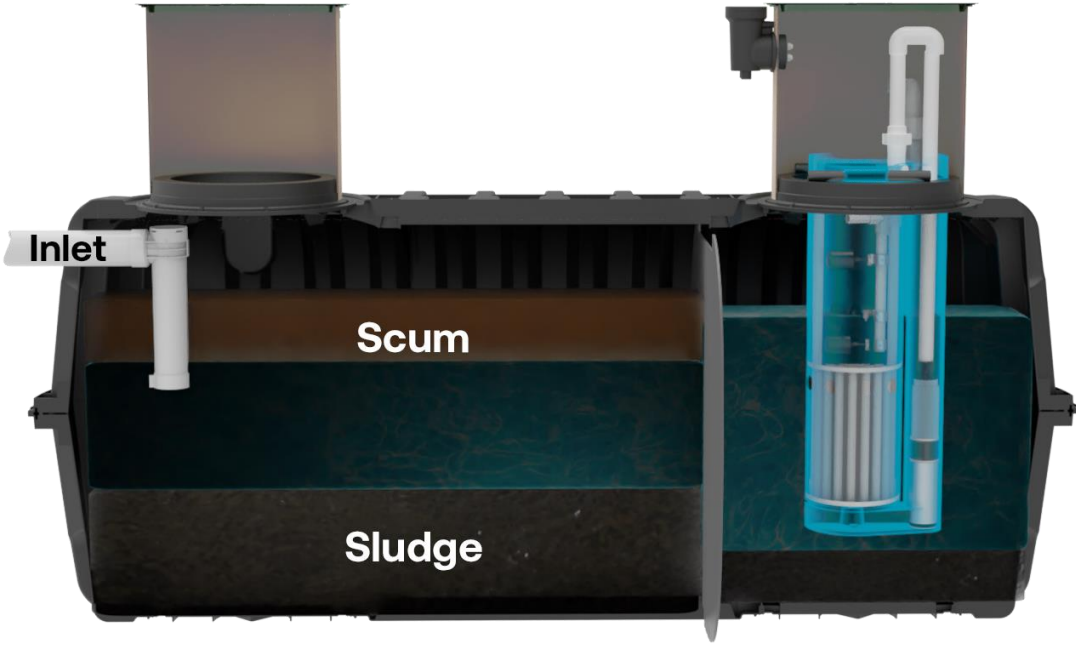
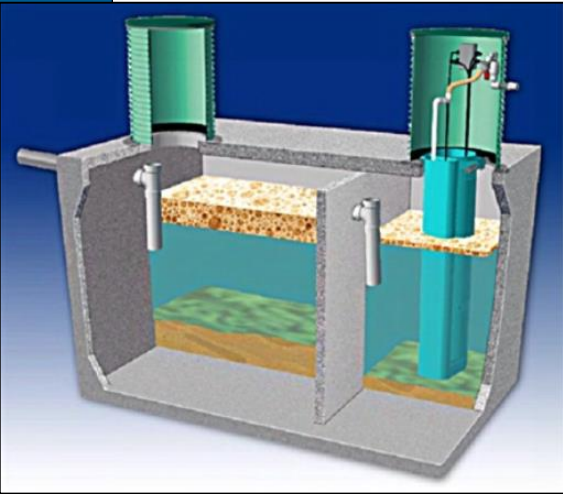
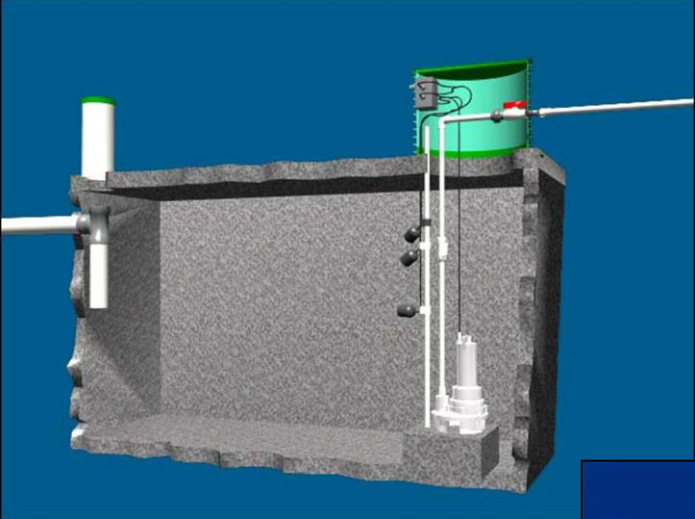
## Constraints:

- Space constraints unlikely
- Limiting layers or horizons may be in play



# Classic On-Lot System

A conventional on-lot system can take several forms.

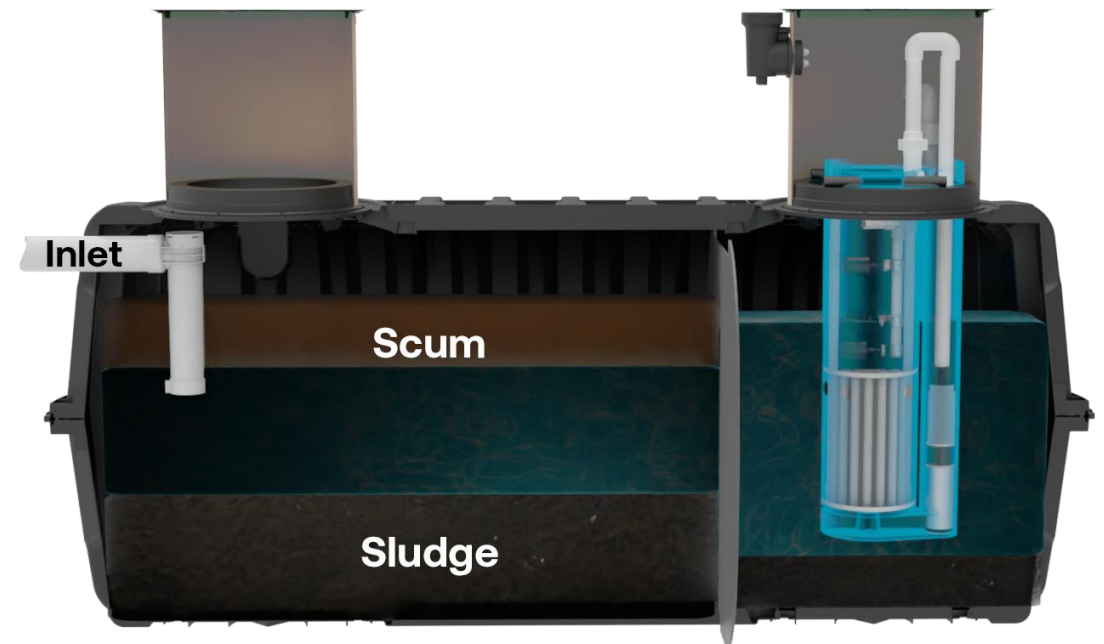


# Classic On-Lot System

## Design Attributes

- **Primary storage – hydraulic retention time**
  - Reg driven typ. Often 1.5 to 2days of design
- **Settling and conveyance**
  - Solids storage for long term digestion
  - Watertight
  - Effluent filtration

Example two compartment tank with filtered pump system.

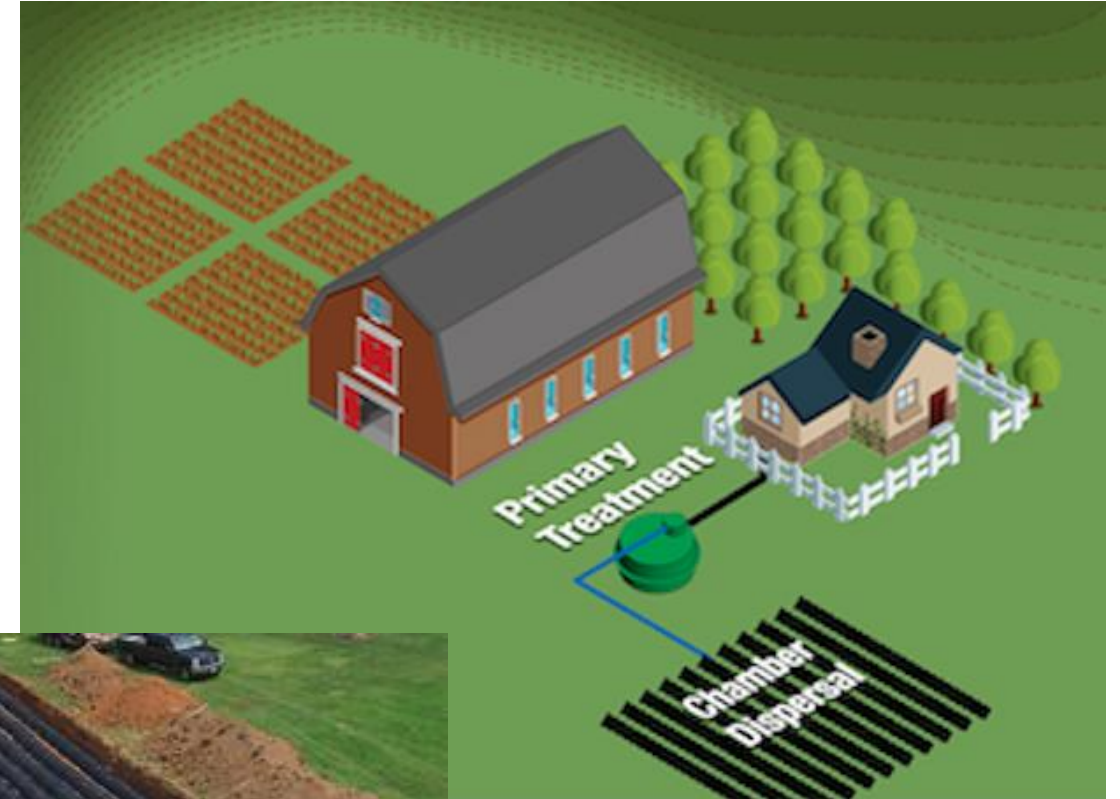


# Classic On-Lot System

## Design Attributes

- **Soil type and conditions**
  - Loading rate by soil and dispersal method
  - Depth to limiting layers
  - Set back distances
  - Effluent distribution

## Example of chamber dispersal field



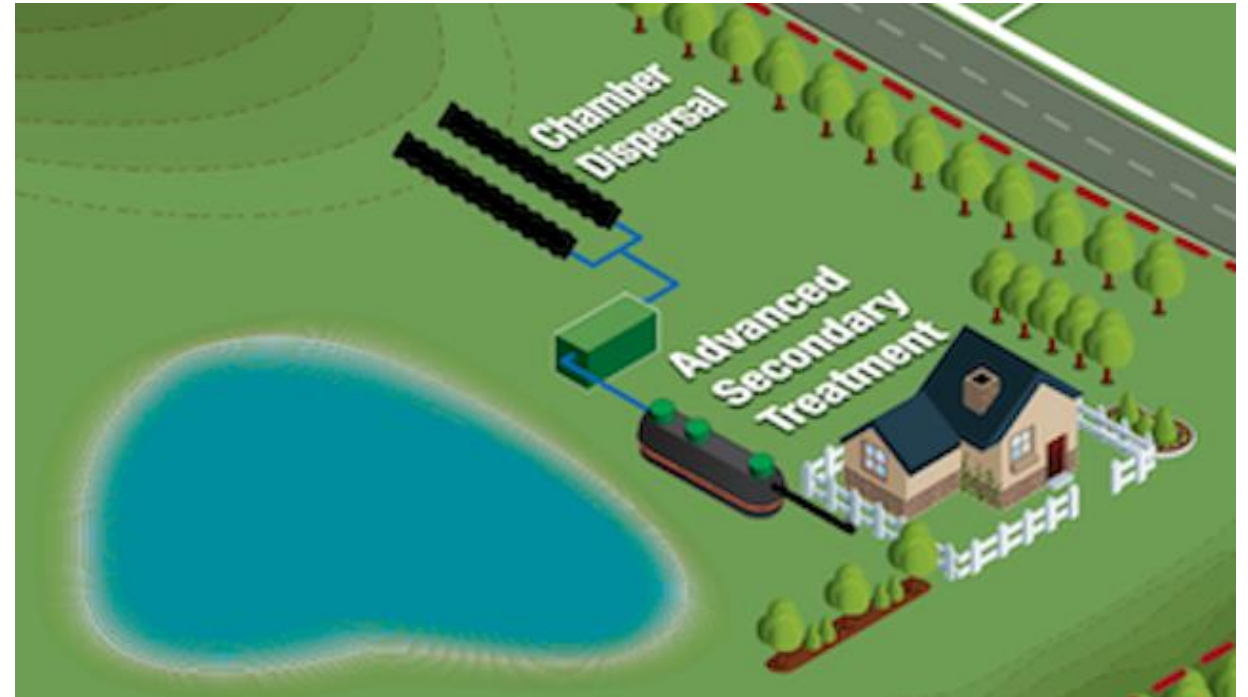
# Advanced Secondary Treatment System

## System Goals

- Conveyance and storage
- Safe disposal to watershed
- High quality effluent (ex.  $< 10\text{mg/L}$  TSS, BOD, TN)
- Low costs of ownership

## Constraints:

- Property boundary
- Limiting layers or horizons in play
- Nearby water body

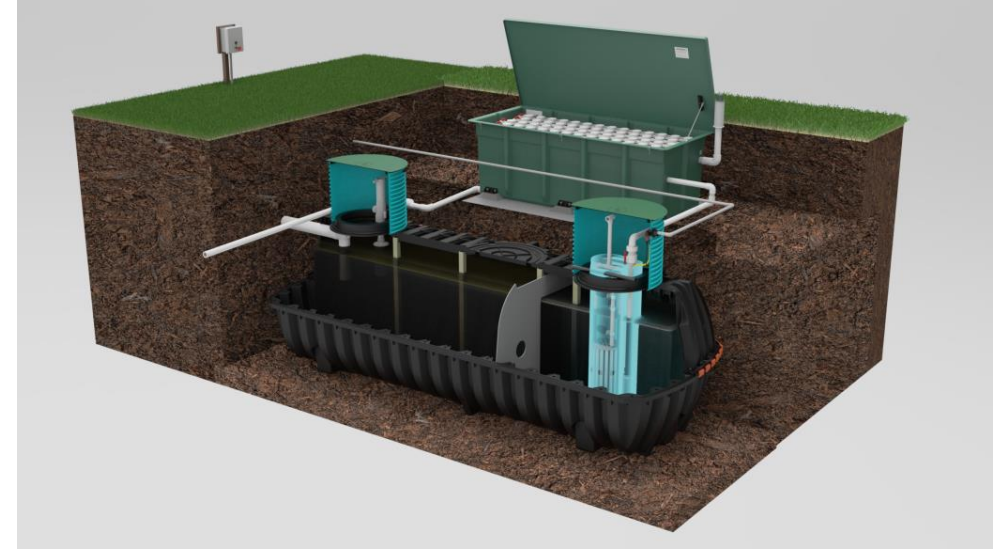


# Advanced Secondary Treatment System

## Design Attributes

- **Primary storage – hydraulic retention time**
  - Reg driven typ. often 1.5 to 2days of design
- **Settling and conveyance**
  - Solids storage for long term digestion
  - Watertight
  - Effluent filtration
- **Secondary treatment – sized for organic and hydraulic loads**
  - Typ. aerobic process to achieve reductions in BOD, TSS, TN, and FC. Ex. <20mg/L TSS/BOD, <10mg/L TSS, BOD, 19mg/L TN + FC 5log reduction
  - Sized for organic removal
- **Small footprint (system often used to lieu of soil)**
- **Process control elements!**

**Example – recirculating media filter**



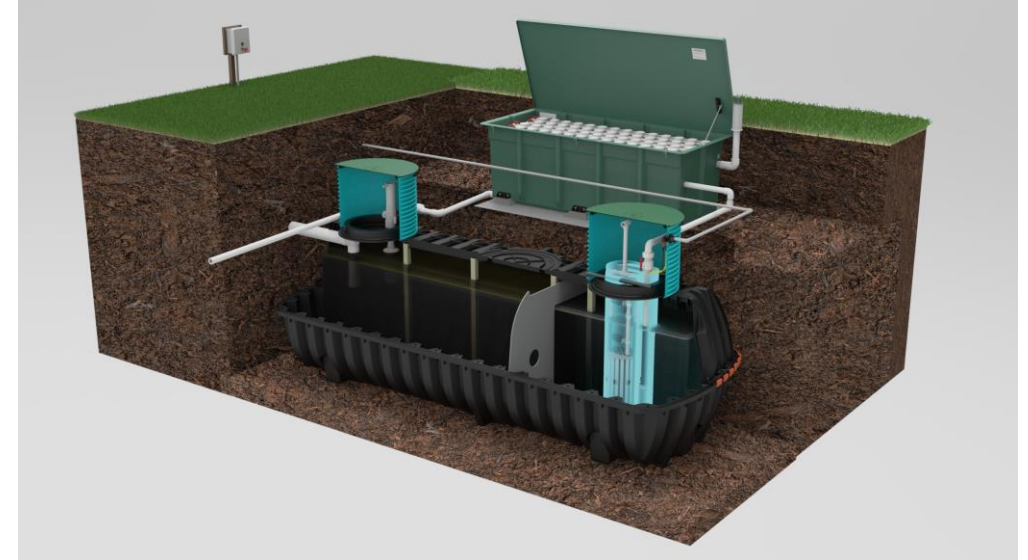
# Advanced Secondary Treatment System

## Design Attributes Cont.

- **Disposal**

- **Advanced secondary effluent quality may allow for:**
  - Higher loading rates
  - Closer proximity to sensitive water bodies
  - In some cases, direct discharge depending on permit and jurisdiction.

- **O&M typically required**



# Community Collection System

## System Goals

- Conveyance and storage
- Safe disposal to watershed
- High quality effluent (ex.  $< 10\text{mg/L}$  TSS, BOD, TN)
- Economic sustainability

## Constraints:

- Property boundary
- Limiting layers or horizons in play
- Nearby water body
- Varied topography

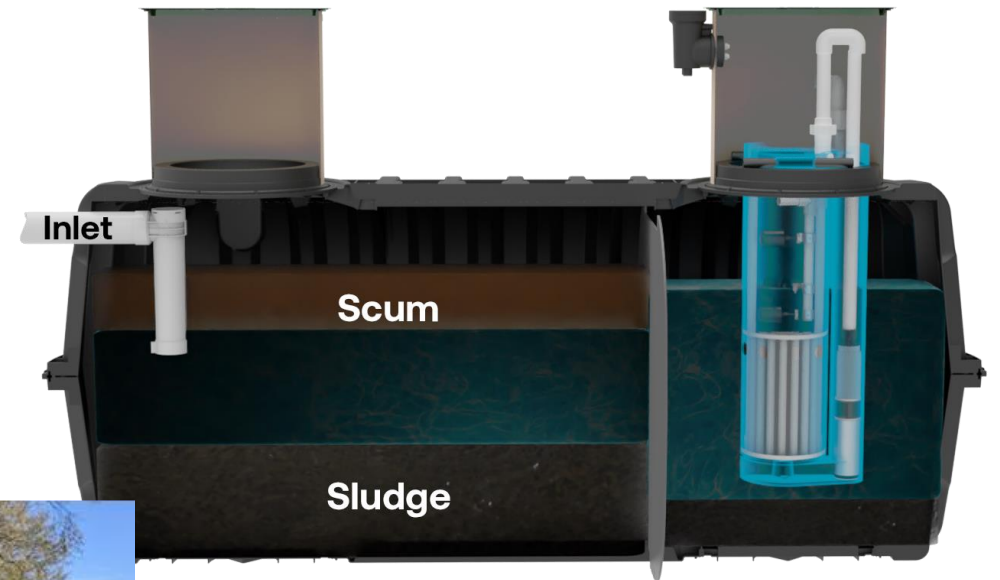


# Community Collection System

## Design Attributes

- **Primary storage – hydraulic retention time**
  - Reg driven typ. often 1.5 to 2days of design
- **Settling and conveyance**
  - Solids storage for long term digestion
  - Watertight
  - Effluent filtration

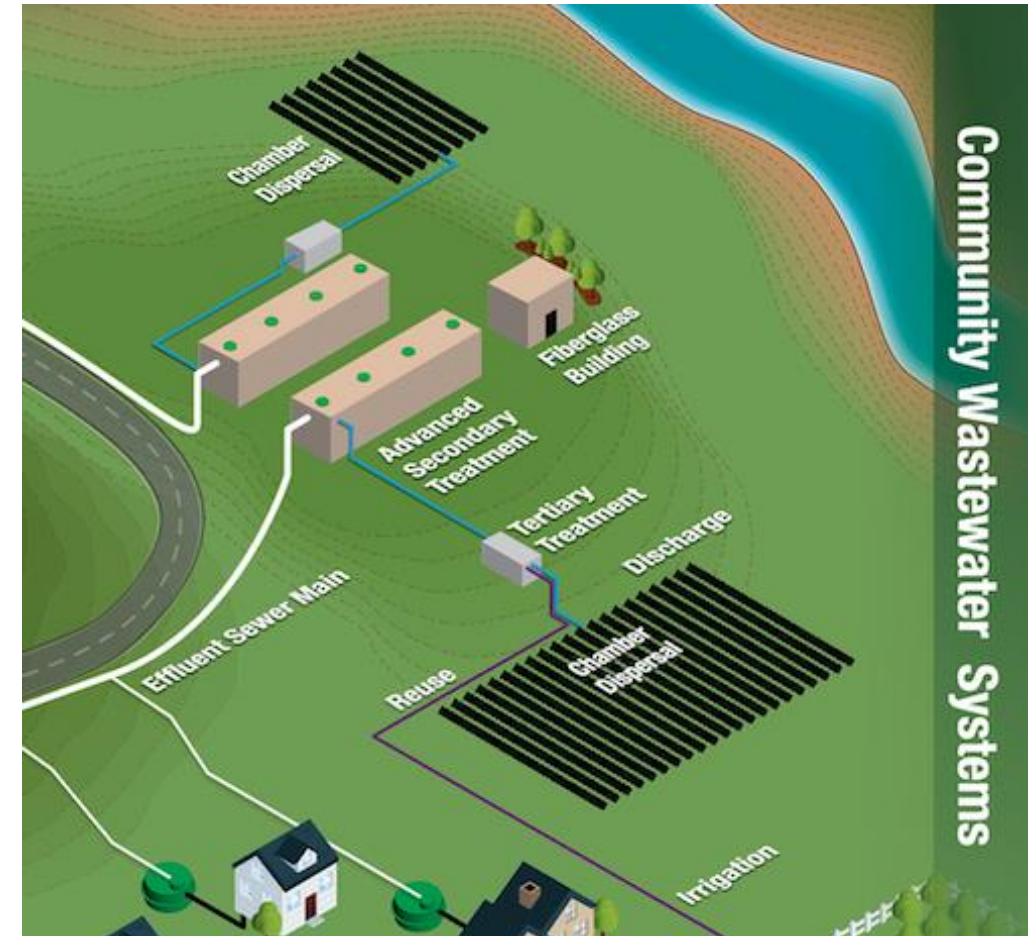
**Example two compartment tank with filtered pump system that pumps to a community collection sys.**



# Advanced Secondary Treatment System for Community

## Design Attributes

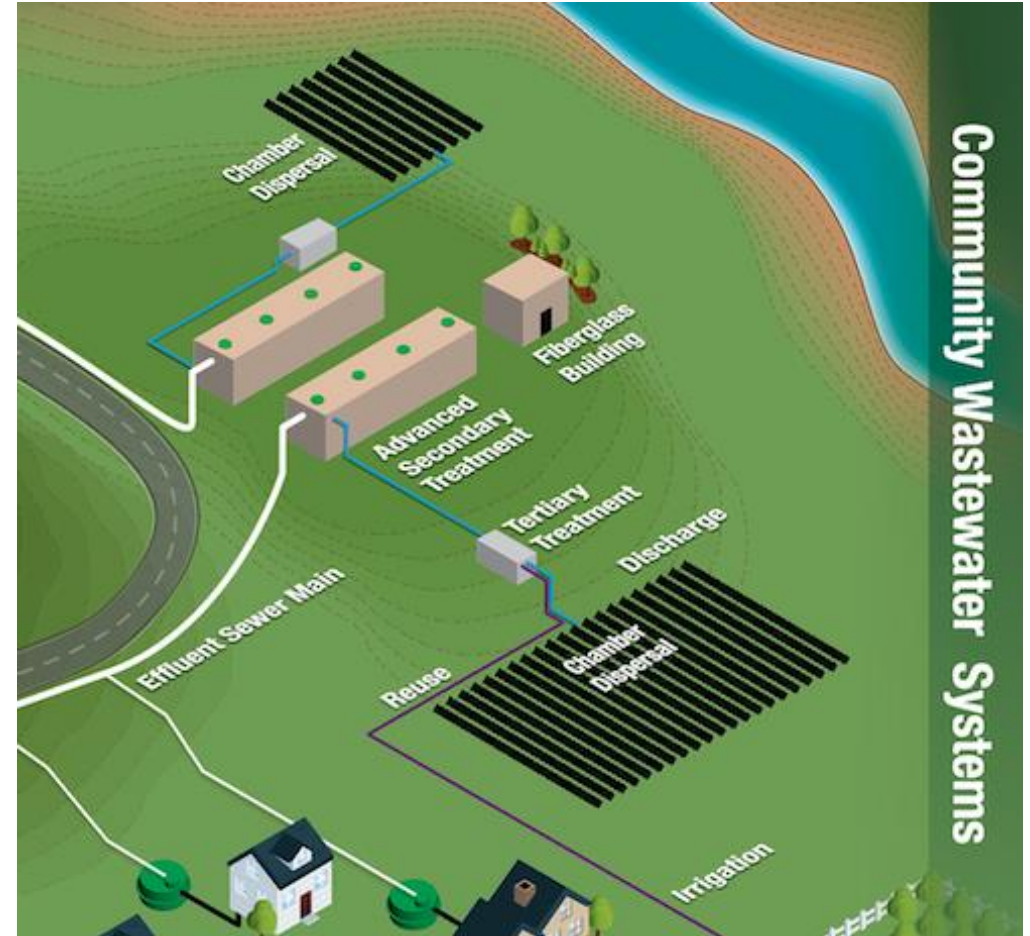
- **Primary storage & Settling**
  - Handled by on-lot filtered pump systems
- **Conveyance**
  - 2 to 4in force main (filtered effluent)
  - Watertight
  - Few topography constraints
- **Secondary treatment – Sized for organic and hydraulic loads**
  - Typ. Aerobic process to achieve reductions in BOD, TSS, TN, and FC. (Ex. <20mg/L TSS/BOD, <10mg/L TSS, BOD, 19mg/L TN + FC 5log reduction)
  - Sized for organic removal
- **Process control elements still present**
- **Flexible design that can be deployed as needed!**



# Advanced Secondary Treatment System for Community

## Design Attributes

- Process control elements still present
- Flexible design that can be deployed as needed
- Decentralize elements can enhance the economic sustainability of the community system



# Objectives

- **Highlight commonalities or shared DNA**
  - **Primary treatment sizing, solids storage, watertightness, filtered effluent**
  - **Effluent conveyance and the options it allows**
  - **Decentralized technologies allow for flexible and modular designs**
  - **The system performance and costs were aligned with the needs of the site and owners**
  - **The system performance was aligned with the regulatory needs and site constraints**

**It's all about good building blocks that build on each other.**

**Q & A**